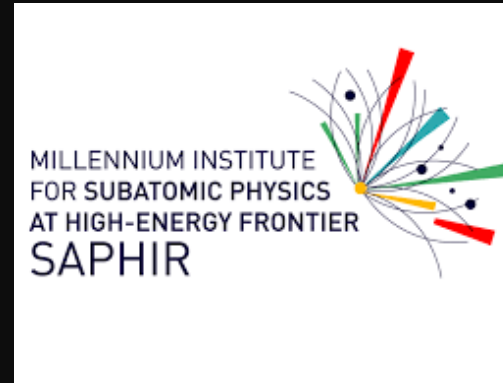
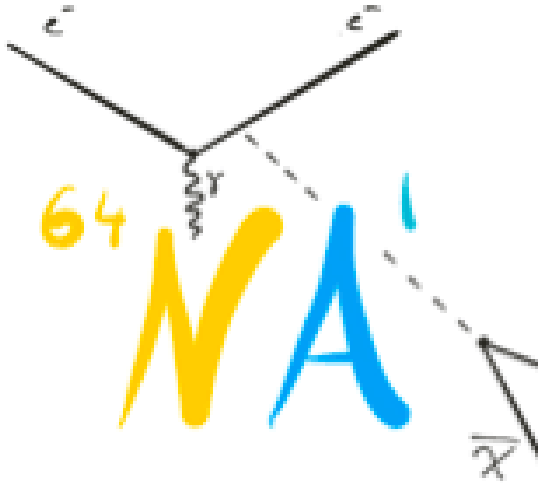


# SAPHIR hardware contributions to experiments at CERN

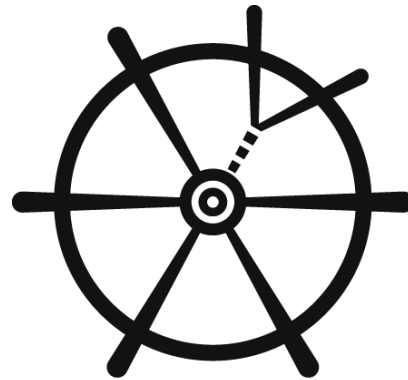
Jilberto Zamora Saá  
Brazil 2025



**CTEPP**  
CENTER FOR THEORETICAL  
AND EXPERIMENTAL  
PARTICLE PHYSICS



Scattering and Neutrino Detector



SHiP

*Search for Hidden Particles*

## Current and future projects at CERN

- ATLAS
- SND@LHC
- NA-64
- SHiP



# ATLAS ITk

During the ATLAS phase II upgrade, the tracking system of the ATLAS experiment will be replaced by an all-silicon detector called the inner tracker (ITK) with a pixel detector as the most inner part. The monitoring data of the new system will be aggregated from an on-detector ASIC called [Monitoring Of Pixel System \(MOPS\)](#) and sent to the [Detector Control System\(DCS\)](#) using a new interface called [MOPS-HUB](#).

## Status & next steps of MOPS-HUB production in Chile

36 MOPS-HUB crates are required

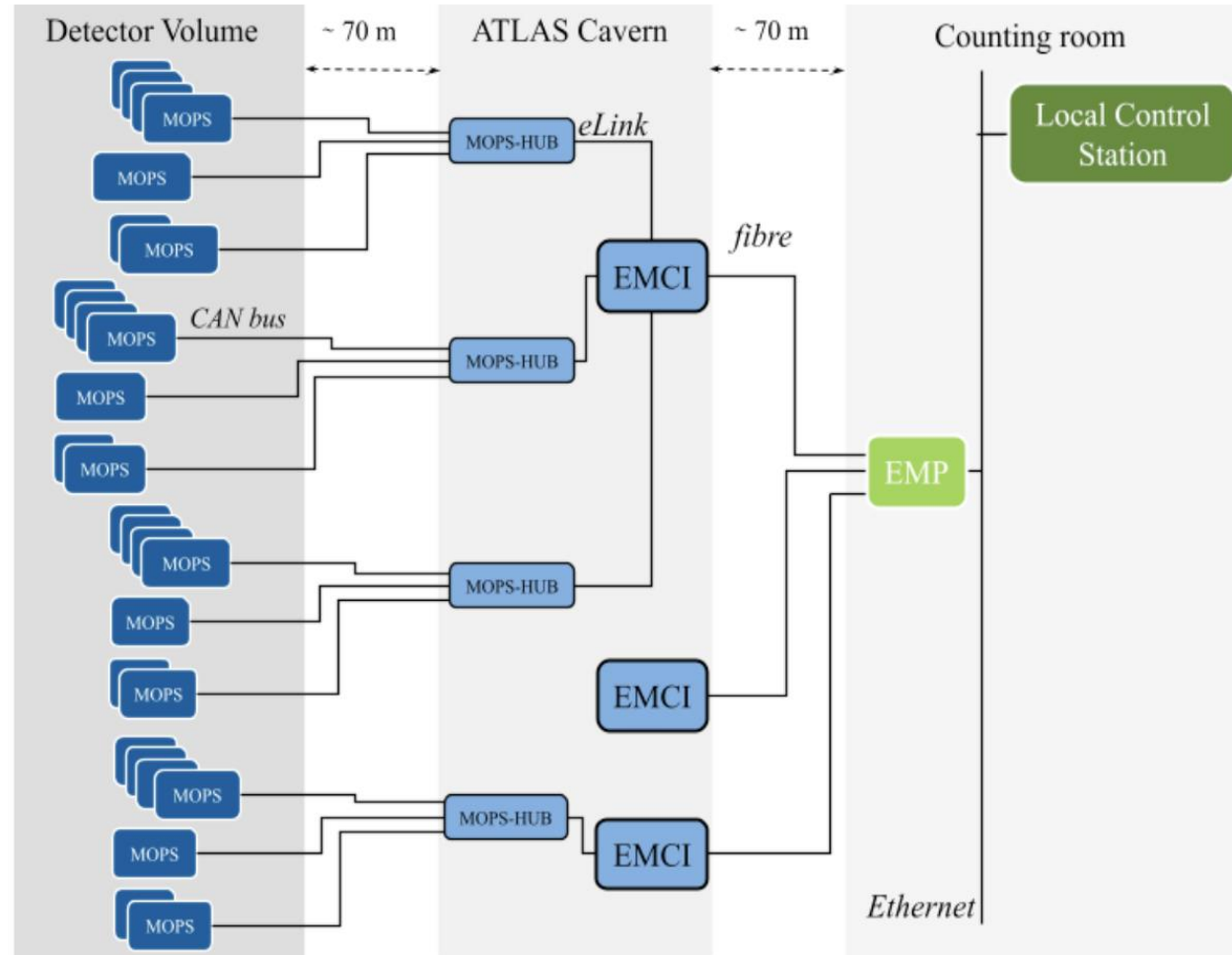
- 36 backplanes
- 72 FPGA boards
- 72 PP3 power
- 576 CIC
- 72 EMCI
- 6 EMP
- numbers for QA (+ spares) to be added

Organization of boards production and assembly of boards

Qualification assurance (quality control + ...) of boards

Contribution to software

Training before pre-production: Chilean team is producing 3 crates with non-halogen free components and materials. The work is in process with SAPHIR funding. DONE!!

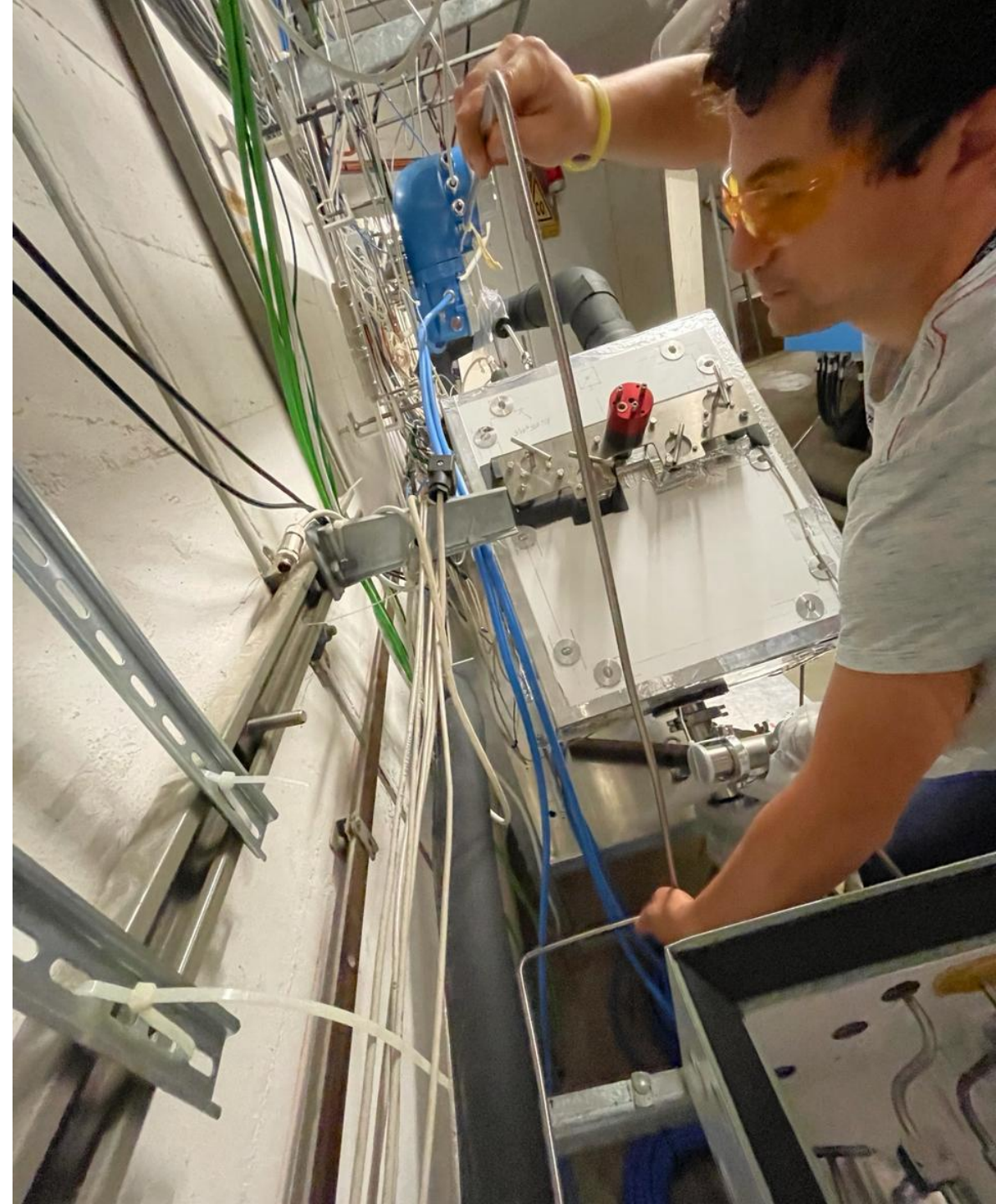
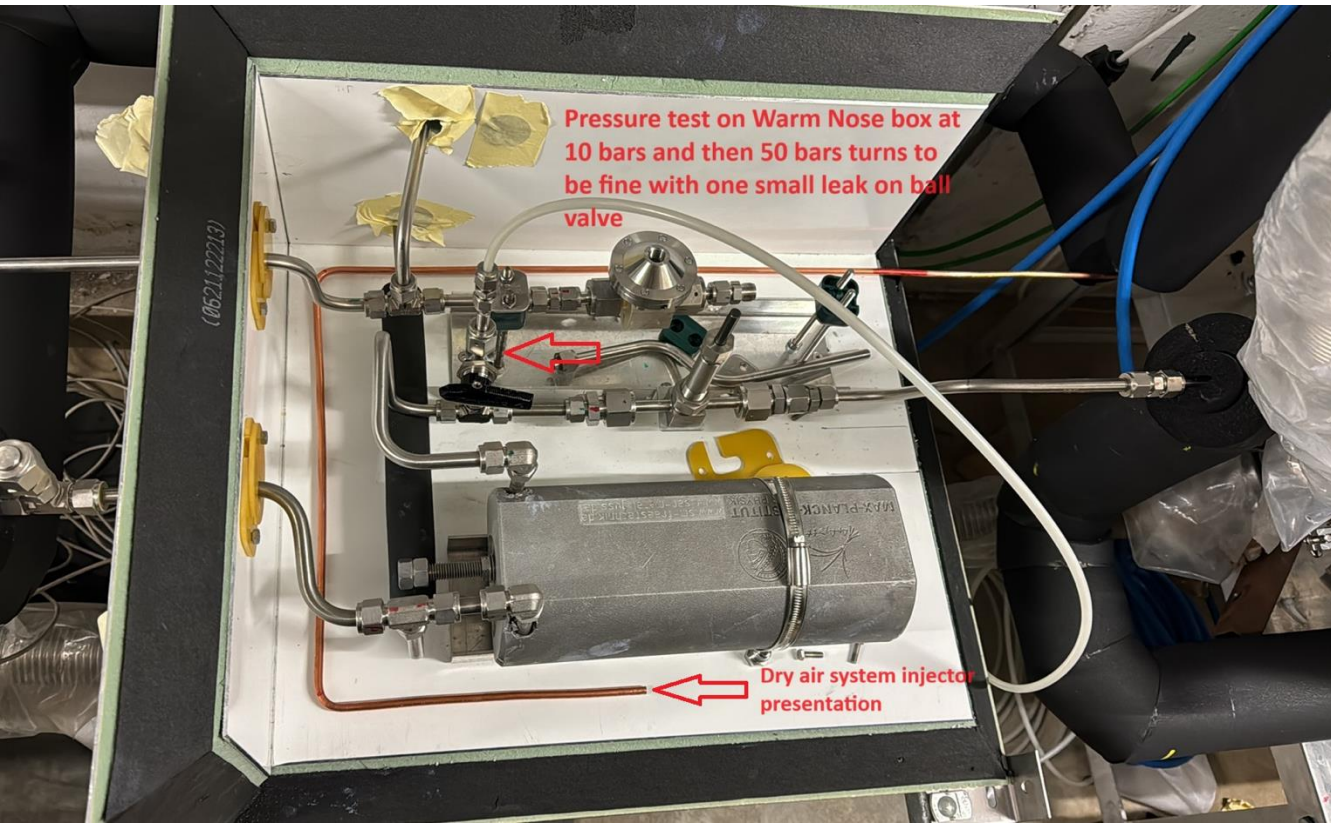


MOPS-HUB and TGC production will take place in SAPHIR/UNAB laboratories at CERN and in UNAB laboratories in Chile.

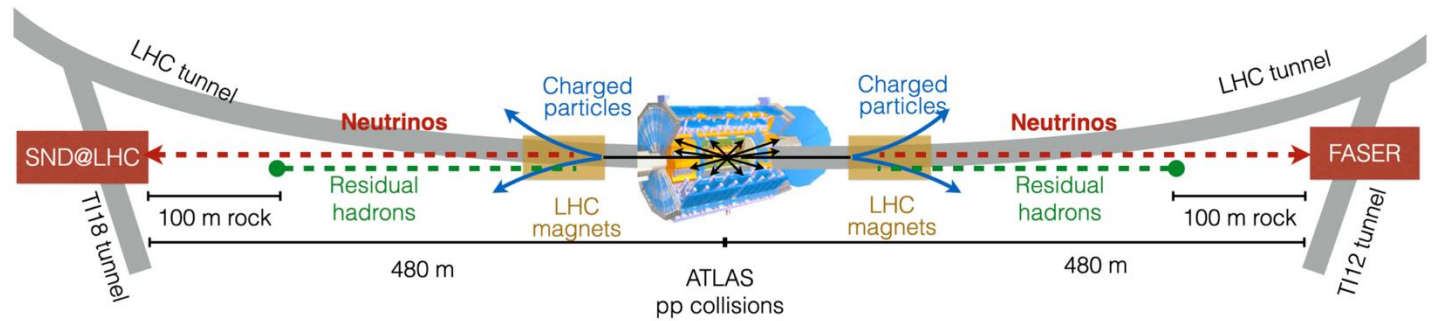


# ATLAS ITk

- Colling system
- Pressure testing for piping on the heat exchanger
- Design and install a new dry-air injection system inside the third manifold box also called "Warm Nose Box"(WNB).



# The neutrino physics program at LHC experiments





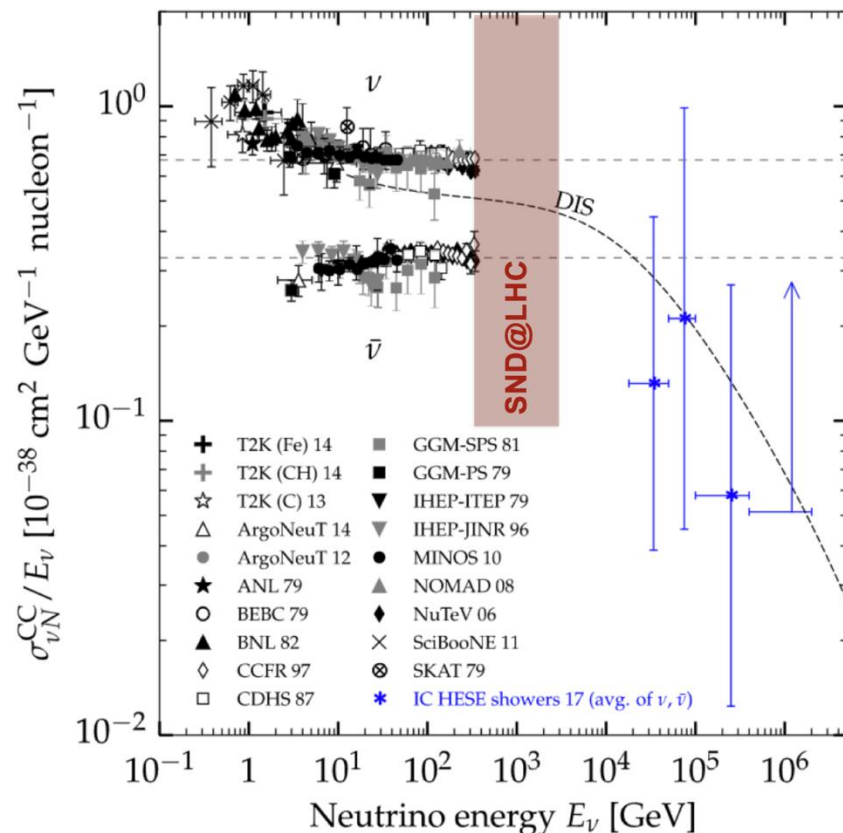
# MOTIVATION

## Neutrino physics at the LHC

- Klaus Winter, 1990, observing tau neutrinos at the LHC
- A. De Rujula, E. Fernandez and J. J. Gómez-Cadenas, 1993, Neutrino fluxes at LHC
- F. Vannucci, 1993, neutrino physics at the LHC
- <http://arxiv.org/abs/1804.04413> April 12th 2018



PRL 122 (2019) 041101



CERN is unique in providing energetic  $\nu$  (from LHC) and measure  $pp \rightarrow \nu X$  in an unexplored domain

OPEN ACCESS

IOP Publishing

Journal of Physics G: Nuclear and Particle Physics

J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. **46** (2019) 115008 (19pp)

<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6471/ab3f7c>

## Physics potential of an experiment using LHC neutrinos

OPEN ACCESS

IOP Publishing

Journal of Physics G: Nuclear and Particle Physics

J. Phys. G: Nucl. Part. Phys. **47** (2020) 125004 (18pp)

<https://doi.org/10.1088/1361-6471/aba7ad>

## Further studies on the physics potential of an experiment using LHC neutrinos

# Experiment concept: Hybrid detector optimized for identification of all three neutrino flavours



## VETO PLANE:

tag penetrating muons

## NEUTRINO TARGET & VERTEX DETECTOR:

- Emulsion cloud chambers (60 emulsion films,  $300\mu\text{m}$  thick, interleaved by 1mm thick tungsten plates)

## E.M. CAL

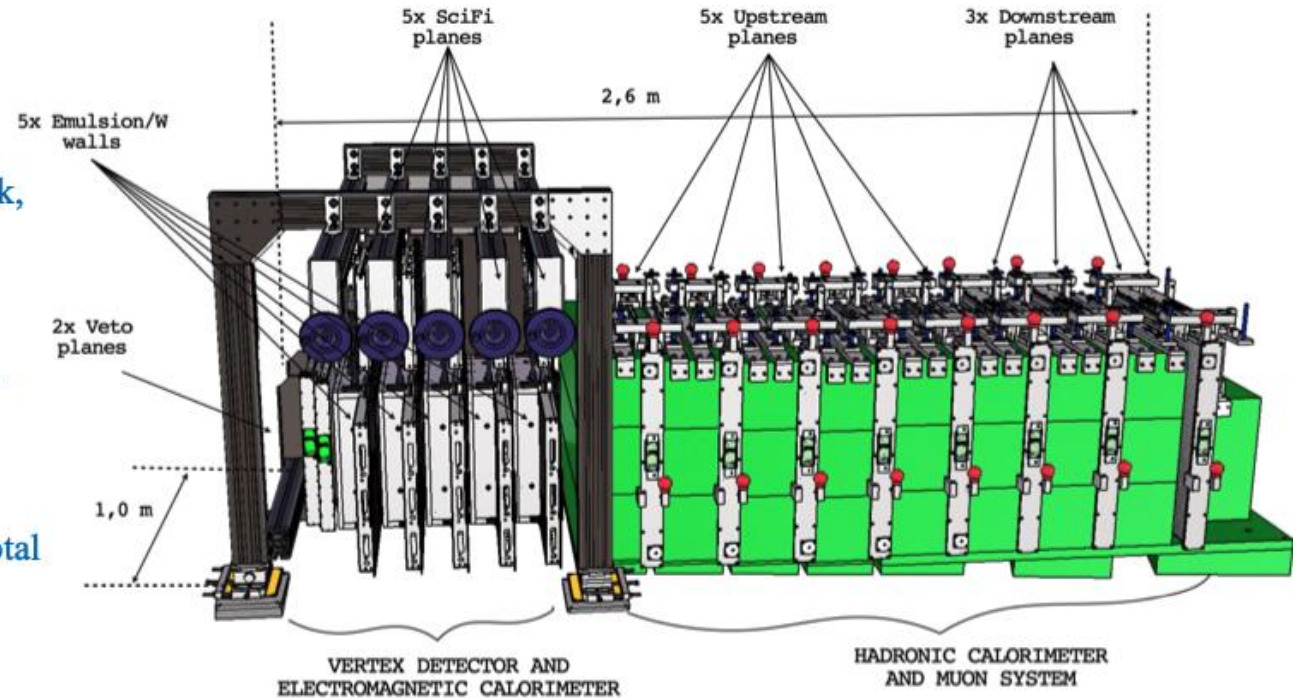
- $250\mu\text{m}$  Scintillating fibres for timing information and e.m. energy measurement

## HADRONIC CALO:

iron walls interleaved with plastic scintillator planes for a total of about  $11\lambda$

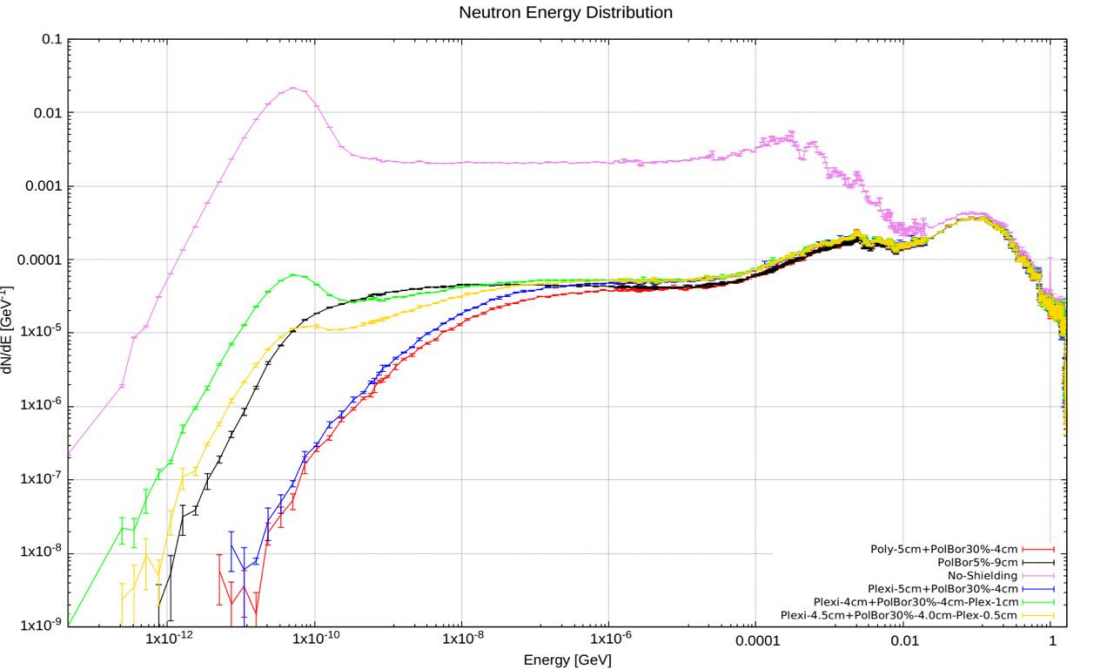
## MUON IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM:

3 most downstream plastic scintillator stations based on fine-grained bars, meant for the muon identification and tracking

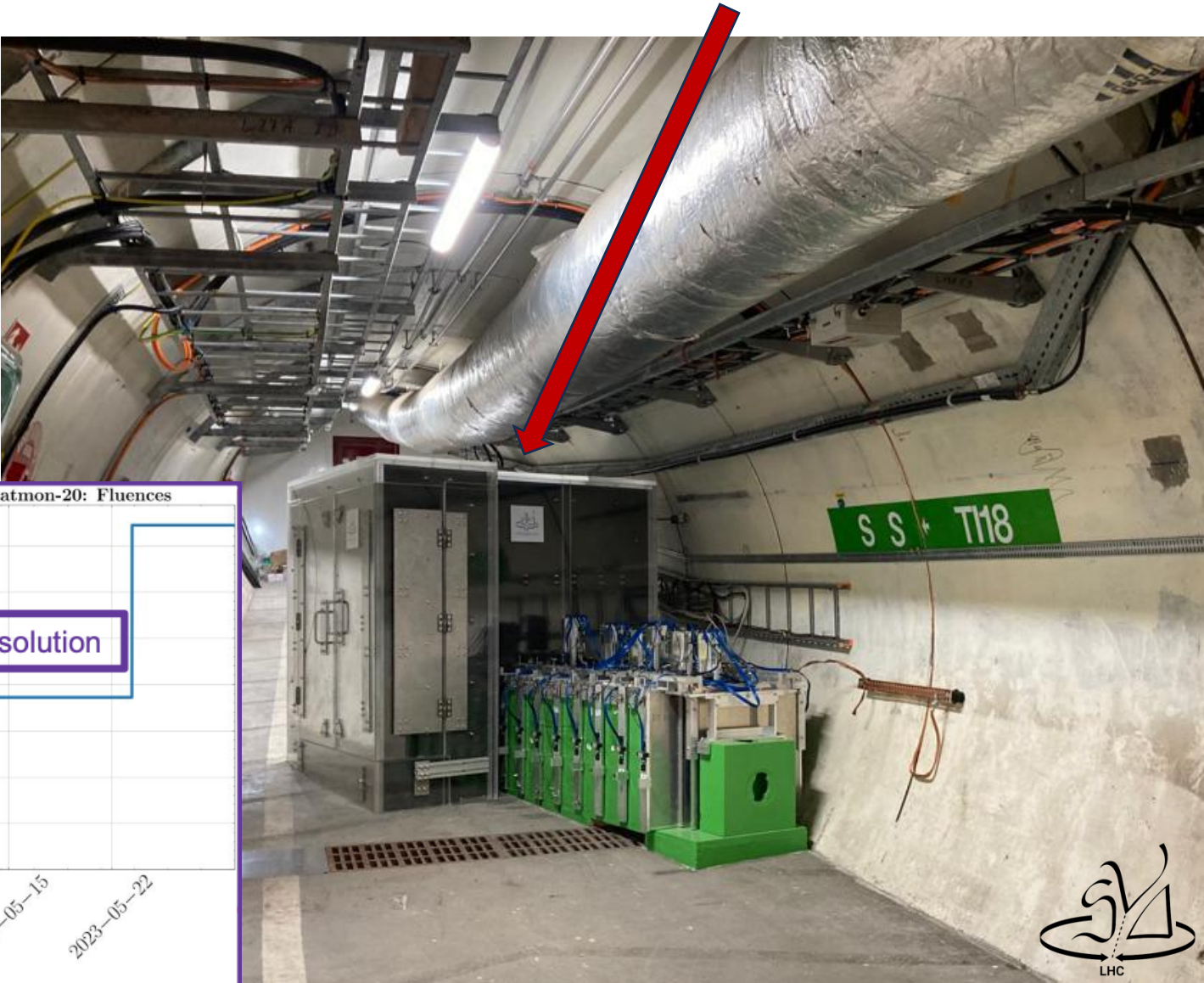




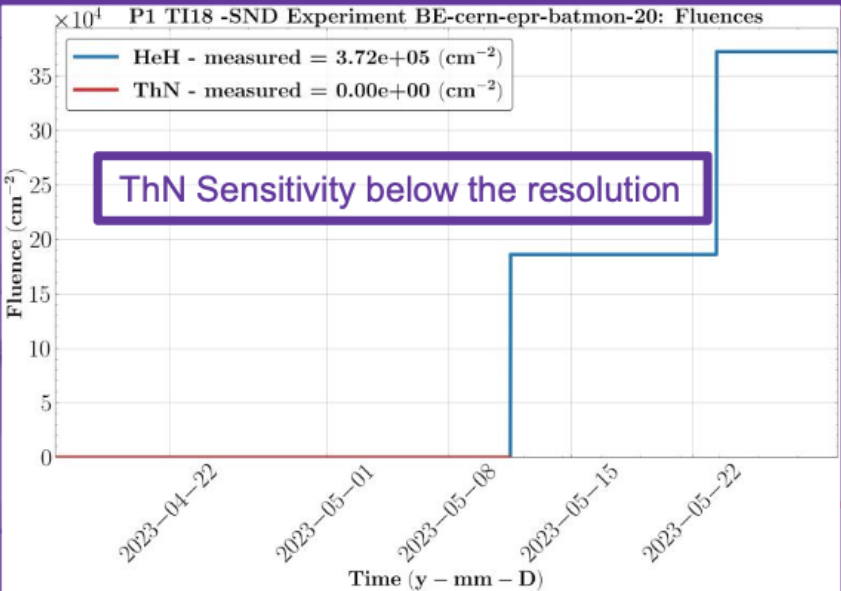
# SND@LHC Chilean contribution



ColdBox: room covered with Borated Polyethelen and acrylic plastic.



	Ratio
$1.0E-14 < R < 1\text{eV}$	7.3E-05
$1\text{eV} < R < 100\text{ eV}$	0.0085
$100\text{ eV} < R < 10\text{ keV}$	0.0204
$10\text{ keV} < R < 2\text{ MeV}$	0.0331
$2\text{ MeV} < R < 20\text{ MeV}$	0.3249
$20\text{ MeV} < R < 200\text{ MeV}$	0.8194
$200\text{ MeV} < R < 1\text{ GeV}$	0.8400





# Main activities and contributions in SND@LHC for the next 5 years

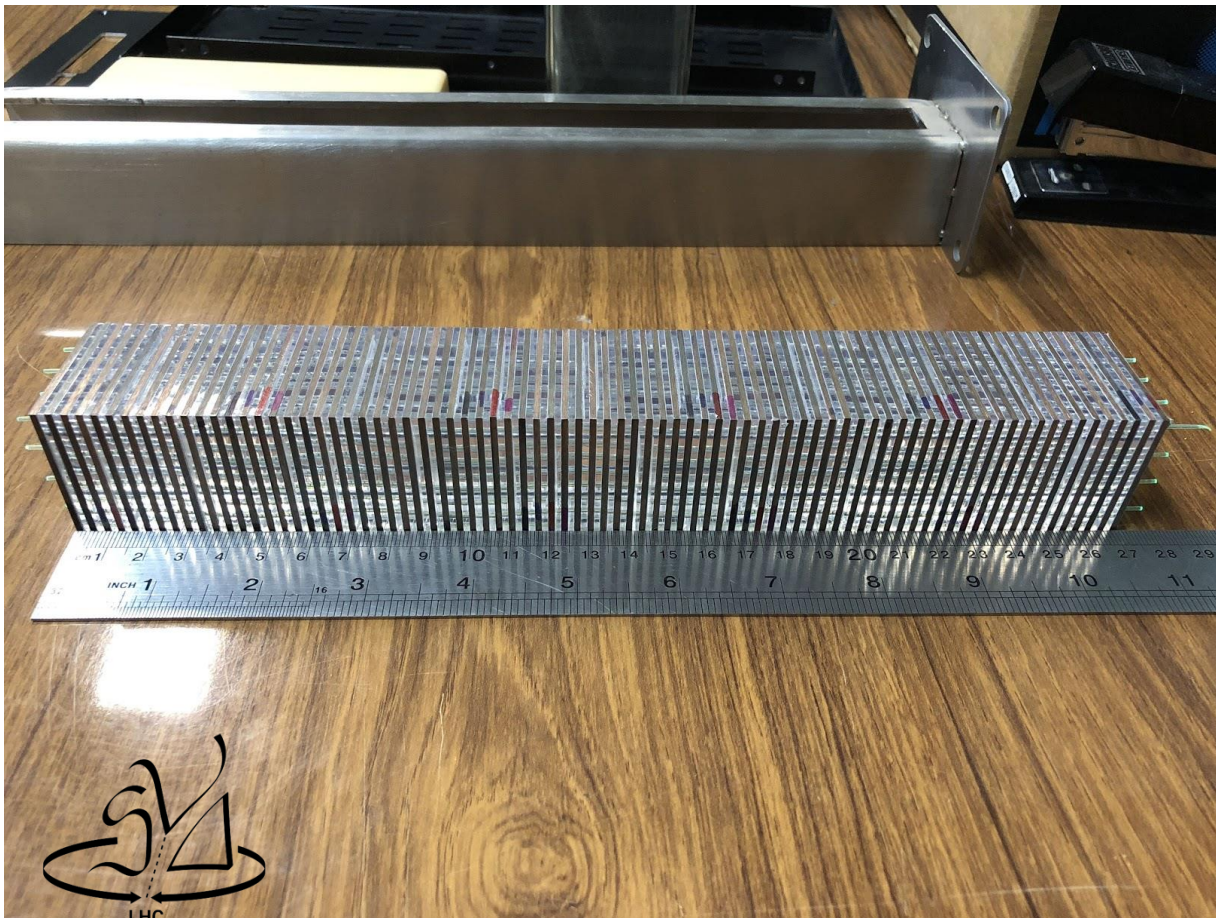
- Participation in data analysis. The nuclear emulsion scanner station of UNAB gives possibilities to involve students and young scientists in physics analysis, AI and modern data science.
- Take shifts in data taking and work with scanners at CERN.
- Provide neutron flux measurements (CCHEN & SAPHIR).
- Create prototypes of detectors for new SND version, advSND (ecal, tof).
- Test prototypes with beams at PS and SPS.
- Create common R&D of SND and NA-64 on “ $\pi^0$  beam” using pion charge exchange reaction. This work could bring a new experiment at NA. Discussions with theoreticians are ongoing.
- Participation in advSND construction.



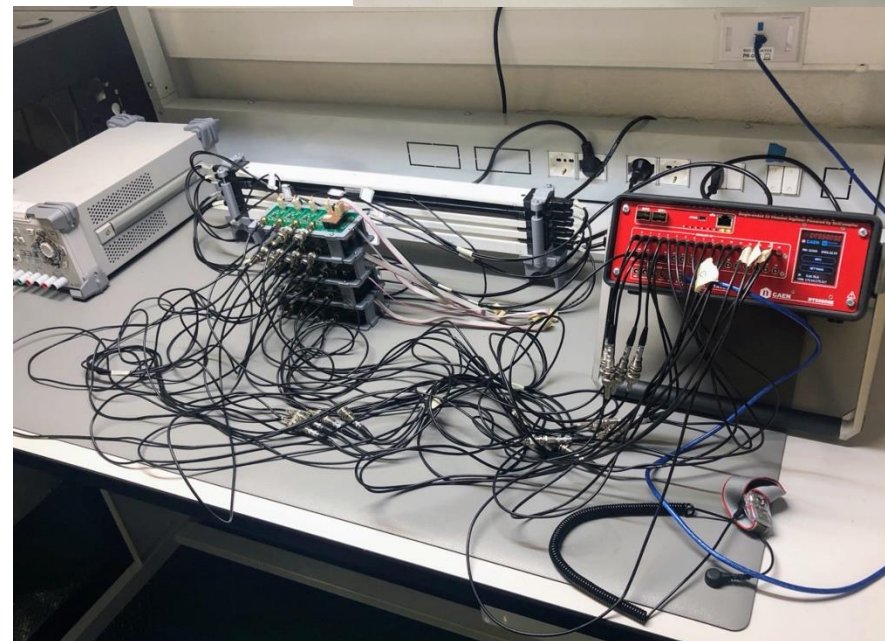
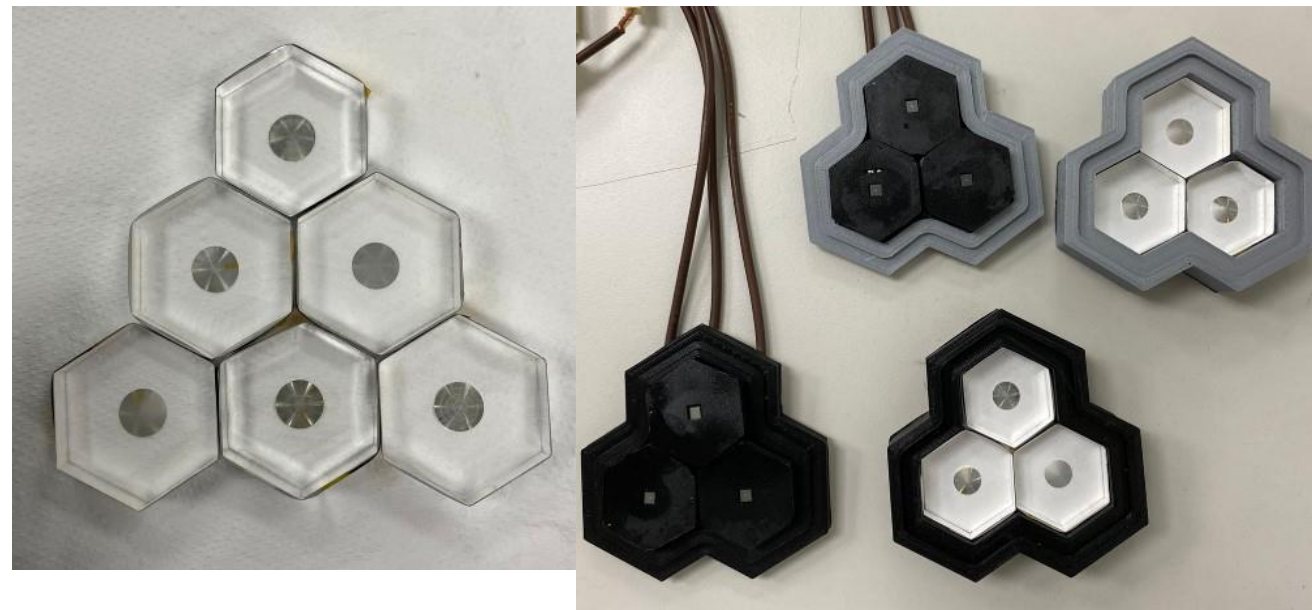


# Shashlik module for advSND@LHC

- 9 modules assembled and delivered to CERN.  
Already tested.



## TOF planes for advSND

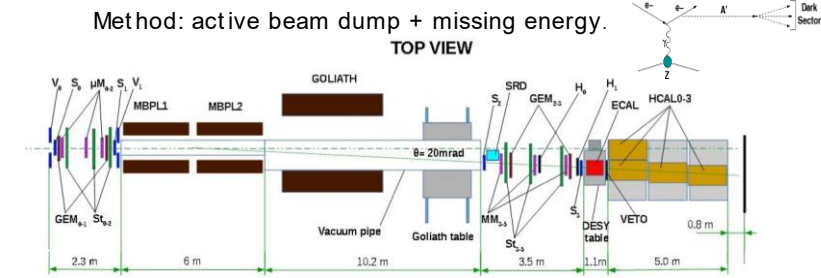




# NA-64: dark photon search experiment

## Chilean contribution:

- Detector construction
- Data analysis + fluka simulations
- Moving table (Calibration platform)
- SRD based on LYSO crystals
- This SRD could be used at all NA beam lines





# HCAL Calibration Platform for NA64

Calibration platform designed/produced by SAPHIR/UNAB/UTFSM & TALLERES ARTIFICIO

## Manufacturing Process

- Material: ASTM A572 Gr 50 (Yield strength 38% more than ASTM A36).
- Thickness= 12,20,30,40,50 mm
- HEB 180 Beam.

1. Dimensioning:
  - CNC Laser cut (12 mm).
  - CNC Plasma cut (20 mm).
  - Oxygen cut (30,40 and 50 mm).
2. Joining and welding.
  - MIG 70s6
3. Machining.
  - Milling and boring machine.



## Main components and their validation

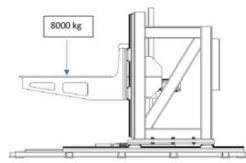


Figura 2: Vista lateral Mesa móvil con definición de ubicación de carga.

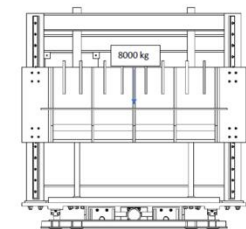
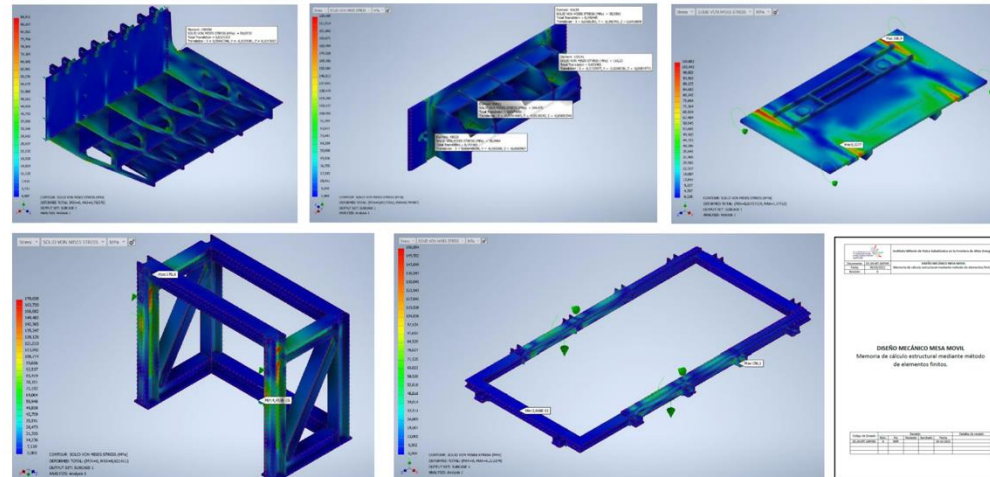


Figura 3: Vista frontal Mesa móvil con definición de ubicación de carga.



### Characteristics

- Maximal weight ~ 8 tons
- Vertical move ~ 900 mm
- Horizontal move ~ 1200 mm
- Accuracy of moving ~ 1 mm
- Automatic control of moving





In summary: we are improving the Chilean contribution and participation at CERN. In addition, we are helping Chile in the development of science, education, and technology.





Thank you very much





BACKUP

# TGC Charge Monitor board. (TGC CHMon. board)

S.Kuleshov with G.Mikenberg and  
A.Abusleme

The project for the Chilean Cluster

ATLAS COLLABORATION

CERN-MoU-2019-021

Feb.19<sup>th</sup> of 2019

Addendum No. 23 to the  
Memorandum of Understanding for  
Collaboration in the Construction of the  
ATLAS Detector  
Construction of the  
ATLAS Muon Spectrometer  
Phase-II Upgrade

ATLAS COLLABORATION

CERN-MoU-2019-021

MoU Item 5.6: TGC Trigger readout electronics

**Description:** Design and construction of TGC trigger and readout front-end electronics including the optical fibre system for connections between on-detector electronics and Trigger and Data Acquisition (TDAQ) electronics in USA15. The PS board is a main TGC frontend board, it receives discriminated signals from the TGC ASD boards and transmits the collected hit data to the trigger and readout modules in USA15. The Patch-Panel ASIC's are mounted on the PS board and process hit signals from ASD Boards. The Service Patch-Panel board is an interface board between PS boards and a controller board in USA15.

## Deliverables:

PBS	Item	CORE Value [kCHF]
5.6	TGC Trigger readout electronics	3'165
5.6.1	Patch-Panel ASIC	500
5.6.2	PS Boards	2'260
5.6.3	Service Patch-Panel Boards	51
5.6.4	Charge Monitoring Boards	354

## Contribution by Funding Agency:

Japan	Patch-Panel ASIC, PS boards and Service Patch-panel boards production, testing, installation and commissioning.
Chile	Charge Monitoring boards, design, production, testing, installation and commissioning

## Deliverable Sharing:

	Patch Panel ASIC	PS Boards	Service Patch- Panel Boards	Charge Monitoring Boards	Total
	5.6.1	5.6.2	5.6.3	5.6.4	5.6
Japan	100%	100%	100%	-	100%
Chile	-	-	-	100%	100%
Total	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%